



Santa Barbara Airport

Structuring Considerations

March 11, 2008



Update on the Municipal Bond Market

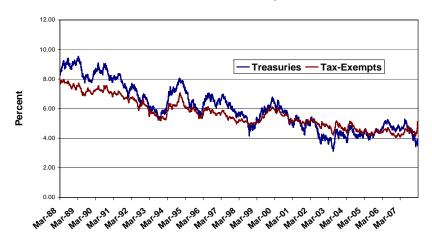


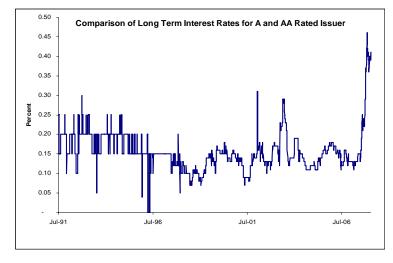


Update on the Municipal Market

- Sub-prime mortgage crisis and impact on collateralized debt obligation market have created volatile market conditions and have led to a global contraction in liquidity.
- Long-term interest rates are relatively low but extremely volatile
 - Changes in municipal market index of 50 basis points (one-half percent) over the course of only one week..
- Credit spreads (the difference in yield between AAA and lower rated credits) have widened rapidly due to a general flight to quality
 - Appetite for "plain vanilla".
- Municipal yields exceed treasury yields.
 - Loss of hedge funds as buyers, who are now flooding the secondary market
 - Expectations of significant new issuance as variable rate is converted to fixed rate
 - Limited capacity of traditional institution investors.

Interest Rate History











Market Roiled by Crisis of Bond Insurers

- Only 2 bond insurers carry "AAA" market value.
- Increased insurance premiums and less availability.

Insurance Ratings Update as of March 7, 2008



	Moody's Rating Outlook		S8	S&P ⁽¹⁾		Fitch	
			Rating	Outlook	Rating	Outlook	
FSA	Aaa	Stable outlook 12/14/07	AAA	Stable outlook 12/19/07	AAA	Stable outlook 1/25/08	
Assured	Aaa	Stable outlook 12/14/07	AAA	Stable outlook 12/19/07	AAA	Stable outlook 11/22/07	
MBIA	Aaa	Negative outlook 2/26/08	AAA	Negative outlook 2/25/08	AAA	Negative credit watch, 2/5/08	
Ambac	Aaa	Negative credit watch 1/17/08	AAA	Negative credit watch 2/25/08	AA	Negative credit watch 1/18/08	
CIFG	A1	Stable outlook 3/6/08	AAA	Negative outlook 2/28/08	AA-	Negative credit watch 3/7/08	
FGIC	А3	Negative credit watch 2/14/08	Α	Negative credit watch 2/25/08	AA	Negative credit watch 1/30/08	
Radian	Aa3	Stable outlook 12/14/07	AA	Stable outlook 12/19/07	A+	Negative outlook 9/5/07	
XL	А3	Negative outlook 2/7/08	А-	Negative credit watch, 2/25/08	A	Negative credit watch 1/23/08	
ACA	N/A	N/A	ccc	Negative outlook 12/19/07	N/A	N/A	





Credit Strategy for Airport Terminal Expansion Financing





Project Overview

- Two major projects will require debt financing
 - Terminal renovation and expansion project
 - Rental car facility
- Debt will be secured three sources of funds
 - Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs)
 - Customer Facility Charges on car rentals (CFCs)
 - General airport revenues

Uses of Funds	
New Terminal	\$33,230,000
Historical Building	\$2,340,000
Roadways	\$1,420,000
Parking	\$5,170,000
Airside	\$8,500,000
New Carrier Space	\$1,560,000
Total Anticipated Terminal Cost	\$52,220,000
Rental Car Facility	\$6,450,000
Construction Contingency	\$3,720,000
Soft Cost	\$10,190,000
Total Uses of Funds	\$72,580,000
Sources of Funds	
Federal	\$16,550,000
Department Funds	\$4,268,000
Passenger Facilities Charges	\$4,944,000
Customer Facility Charges	\$1,360,000
Bonds proceeds	\$43,000,000
Funding Shortfall	\$2,458,000
Total Sources of Funds	\$72,580,000





Summary Structuring Considerations

- A key financing question is whether to secure bonds only with general airport revenues (GARB), or to back the revenue bonds with a contingent pledge of the City's General Fund
- Revenue bonds would be secured exclusively by a pledge of net airport revenues (gross revenue minus operating expenses), including PFC and CFC
 - Market requires that net revenues be at least 1.5 times debt service
- A "double barrel" structure would provide for paying debt with airport revenues, but backing that pledge bonds with General Fund
 - Would eliminate the requirement for coverage from the bond market
 - City may want some cushion to protect General Fund
 - Projected airport revenues provide approximately 1.20 times debt service coverage at current rates
- Use of General Fund backing is expected to be necessary to finance the project as currently envisioned
- City's General Fund has capacity to support such a financing
 - Virtually no current General Fund debt (\$3 million in Certificates of Participation)
 - Airport bonds would be viewed as substantially "self-supporting" by rating agencies
 - Therefore, not likely to affect General Fund's ability to impact debt







Analysis of Structuring Considerations

- The City's underwriter, Morgan Stanley, ran analysis based on the following assumptions:
 - AMT bond issue based on current market conditions
 - Bond amount includes taxable rental car facility issue and inclusion of CFC revenues
 - Other assumptions based on Jacobs Consultancy presentation
- Estimated total debt service savings of \$1.2 million with a secondary revenue pledge from the City
 - Present value of debt service savings equal to approximately \$572,000
- Using current market rates to calculate debt service on a standalone GARB issue and CFC-backed rental car facility issue results in combined debt service coverage of 1.37x in FY2013.

Standalone Airport Revenue Bonds

- Expected Ratings:
 - Baa1/BBB+
- Target Coverage Level:
 - 1.5x coverage
- Expected Insurance Premium:
 - 100 basis points, if available
- Debt Service Reserve Fund:
 - Funded at Maximum Annual Debt Service

Standalone Airport Revenue Bonds Debt Statistics	
Par Amount:	\$42,125,000
Total Debt Service:	\$86,275,800
Net Debt Service	\$81,819,825
Average Annual DS:	\$2,875,860
Maximum Annual DS:	\$2,924,900
All-In TIC:	5.60%

Airport Revenue Bonds with City Pledge

- Expected Ratings:
 - -A1/A+
- Target Coverage Level:
 - 1.0x coverage
- Expected Insurance Premium:
 - 40 basis points
- Debt Service Reserve Fund:
 - Funded at Maximum Annual Debt Service

Airport Revenue Bonds with City P Debt Statistics	ledge
Par Amount:	\$41,535,000
Total Debt Service:	\$85,057,375
Net Debt Service:	\$80,663,850
Average Annual DS:	\$2,835,245
Maximum Annual DS:	\$2,883,762
All-In TIC:	5.49%







Sensitivity Analyses **Project Fund Deposit**

- Morgan Stanley calculated estimated surplus or shortfall for a combined \$36.5 million terminal financing and a \$6.5 million taxable rental car financing.
 - As shown, a standalone GARB financing produces an approximately \$5.7 million funding shortfall at \$7.50 per enplaned passenger using a 1.5x coverage target.
 - A City-backed issue provides a surplus of approximately \$14.5 million at \$7.50 using a 1.0x coverage target.
 - Sufficient to cover up to a 33.7% project cost increase.

Sensitivity Analysis: City-Backed Issue							
Project Fund Deposit Based on 1.0x Coverage Target							
	Terminal Project Only						
Airline Payment Per	Airline Payment Per Proceeds Surplus						
Enplanement	Project Cost	Generated	(Shortfall)				
\$7.50	\$43,000,000	\$57,492,872	\$14,492,872				
\$5.00	\$43,000,000	\$40,578,104	(\$2,421,896)				

Sensitivity Analysis: City-Backed Issue (Rates + 100 bps)							
Project Fund Deposit Based on 1.0x Coverage Target							
	Ter	rminal Project Only					
Airline Payment Per	Proceeds Surplus/						
Enplanement	Project Cost	Generated	(Shortfall)				
\$7.50	\$43,000,000	\$49,101,969	\$6,101,969				
\$5.00	\$43,000,000	\$34,724,180	(\$8,275,820)				

Sensitivity Analysis: Standalone GARB Issue							
Project Fund Deposit Based on 1.5x Coverage Target							
	Terminal Project Only						
Airline Payment Per	Airline Payment Per Proceeds Surpl						
Enplanement	Project Cost	Generated	(Shortfall)				
\$7.50	\$43,000,000	\$37,337,501	(\$5,662,499)				
\$5.00	\$43,000,000	\$26,249,699	(\$16,750,301)				

Sensitivity Analysis: Standalone GARB Issue (Rates + 100 bps)								
Project Fund Deposit Based on 1.5x Coverage Target								
	Terminal Project Only							
Airline Payment Per Enplanement	Project Cost	Proceeds Generated	Surplus/ (Shortfall)					
\$7.50	\$43,000,000	\$31,751,343	(\$11,248,657)					
\$5.00	\$43,000,000	\$22,370,506	(\$20,629,494)					







Preliminary Conclusions

- Project would not be affordable assuming customary market assumptions.
 - Assuming a Standalone GARB financing, based on the Feasibility Consultant's projections, as well as estimated debt service costs, it does not appear that the whole project is affordable at a 1.5x debt service coverage target.
- Current market will make it even more difficult and expensive to issue bonds backed exclusively with an airport revenue pledge.
- A City-backed financing would accommodate entire project as currently budgeted and still provide cushion to General Fund.
- Planning on a City-pledge would benefit the Airport by providing a financial safety net in case the airline rates and charges are set below the targeted \$7.50, the cost of the project increases, or the bond market further deteriorates.





Additional Information

Comparable Airport Data: A3 Rated O&D Airports with less than 1 MM Enplanements

- Santa Barbara's forecasted cost per enplanement of \$7.50 is within the range of A3 rated airports' 2006 results.
- Recommended debt service coverage target of at least 1.50x would be consistent with A3 rated airports.
- Santa Barbara
 Metropolitan Statistical
 Area (MSA) population
 approximately 400,335.

Selected Financials and other Datapoints	Bishop International Airport, MI	Columbia Metropolitan Airport, SC	Jackson-Evers International Airport, MS	Lansing Capital City Airport, MI	Pensacola Regional Airport, FL	Portland International Jetport Airport ME
General Entity Information						
Fiscal Year End	12/31/2006	12/31/2006	9/30/2006	6/30/2006	9/30/2006	6/30/2006
Senior Most Rating (Moodys/S&P/Fitch)	A3/A-/NR	A3/NR/NR	A3/NR/A-	A3/NR/NR	A3/BBB+/BBB+	A3/BBB+/NF
Airport Type	O&D	O&D	O&D	O&D	O&D	0&0
Rate Making Methodology	Ordinance	Residual	Hybrid	Compensatory	Residual	Compensatory
Primary Carrier	Northwest	Delta	Southwest	Northwest	Delta	US Airways
Enplanements ('000)	536	642	753	304	811	680
Enplanement five year CAGR (%)	12.0	3.9	2.2	0.1	9.1	0.1
O&D enplanements (%)	100	100	98	100	100	99
Primary carrier market share (%)	40	35.4	33.4	52.1	44	30.2
Top two carriers market share (%)	76.7	54.8	62	69.5	60	55
Service area population ('000)	444	697	541	456	447	516
Utilization ratio	1.21	0.92	1.36	0.67	1.82	1.3
Net funded debt (\$ '000)	28,305	79,129	40,792	11,255	31,794	42,72
Income Statement Data and Ratios						
Operating revenues (\$ '000)	12,458	16,147	14,674	7,351	14,669	11,81
Airline payments (\$ '000)	965	4,013	4,539	3,233	4,641	4,559
Gross revenue and income (\$ '000)	13,108	21,020	14,896	10,790	15,391	12,260
Net income (\$ '000)	5,029	9,702	4,471	2,602	5,962	2,372
GARB debt service (\$ '000)	2,633	6,481	1,934	1,440	2,851	2,254
Operating ratio (%)	64.8	70.1	71	111.4	64.3	83.7
Airline payments per enplanement (\$)	1.8	6.25	6.03	10.65	5.72	6.
Airline payments/operating revenues (%)	7.7	24.9	30.9	44	31.6	38.6
Days Cash on Hand	511	207	330	270	152	356
Debt and Debt Service Ratios						
Debt ratio (%)	17.2	49.3	30.1	18.6	33.6	35.7
Debt per enplaned passenger (\$)	56.83	139.51	64.34	41.19	42.43	66.3
Debt service coverage by net income (x)	1.91	1.50	2.31	1.81	2.09	1.0
Debt service coverage per bond ordinance (x)	2.79	1.66	3.08	2.73	1.84	1.40

Source: Moody's Municipal Financial Ratio Analysis and Morgan Stanley





Additional Information

Comparable Airport Data: Baa1 Rated Airports O&D Airports with less than 1 MM Enplanements

Selected Financials and other Datapoints	Burlington International Airport, VT	Corpus Christi International Airport, TX	Eugene Airport, OR	Fresno Yosemite International Airport, CA	Rogue Valley International - Medford Airport, OR
General Entity Information					
Fiscal Year End	6/30/2006	7/31/2006	6/30/2006	6/30/2006	6/30/2006
Senior Most Rating	Baa1/NR/BBB+	Baa1/BBB-/BBB	Baa1/NR/NR	Baa1/BBB/BBB+	Baa1/NR/NR
Airport Type	O&D	O&D	O&D	O&D	O&D
Rate Making Methodology	Hybrid	Hybrid	Hybrid	Hybrid	Hybrid
Primary Carrier	US Airways	Southwest	United Express	United Express	Horizon
Enplanements ('000)	692	445	357	619	300
Enplanement five year CAGR (%)	5.9	0.9	-1.4	4.3	5.0
O&D enplanements (%)	100	100	100	100	100
Primary carrier market share (%)	24.5	36	45.5	33.1	39.8
Top two carriers market share (%)	47.9	68.9	74.2	54	77.9
Service area population ('000)	206	417	339	1,020	195
Utilization ratio	3.36	1.07	1.05	0.61	1.54
Net funded debt (\$ '000)	47,271	19,986	1,594	35,412	19,355
Income Statement Data and Ratios					
Operating revenues (\$ '000)	10,216	8,132	8,107	14,669	5,235
Airline payments (\$ '000)	2,984	2,662	2,341	3,690	1,939
Gross revenue and income (\$ '000)	12,275	8,401	8,291	18,043	6,595
Net income (\$ '000)	5,007	1,209	2,750	4,474	2,702
GARB debt service (\$ '000)	3,824	1,585	620	2,961	0
Operating ratio (%)	71.1	88.4	68.3	92.5	74.4
Airline payments per enplanement (\$)	4.31	5.98	6.56	5.96	6.46
Airline payments/operating revenues (%)	29.2	32.7	28.9	25.2	37
Days Cash on Hand	242	376	520	96	157
Debt and Debt Service Ratios					
Debt ratio (%)	47.6	21.4	2.1	26.8	NA
Debt per enplaned passenger (\$)	69.57	46.16	5.48	65.24	NA
Debt service coverage by net income (x)	1.31	0.76	4.44	1.51	NA
Debt service coverage per bond ordinance (x)	1.31	1.34	4.74	7.42	NA

Source: Moody's Municipal Financial Ratio Analysis.





